



# CCREEE

CARIBBEAN CENTRE FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY & ENERGY EFFICIENCY

AN INSTITUTION OF  CARICOM



# Solar PV Integration Training

Tuesday 11<sup>th</sup> May 2021



# IRRP

INTEGRATED RESOURCE AND RESILIENCE PLANS

SUPPORTED BY



IMPLEMENTED BY





# Solar Photovoltaic System Design – distributed generation and utility scale

Your Speaker: Dr. Randy Koon Koon





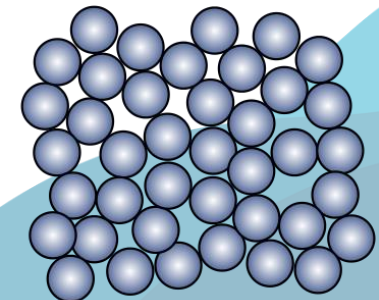
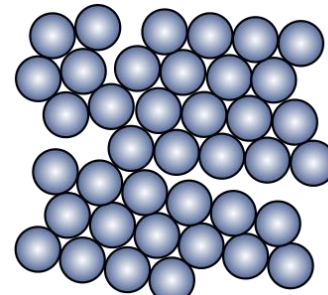
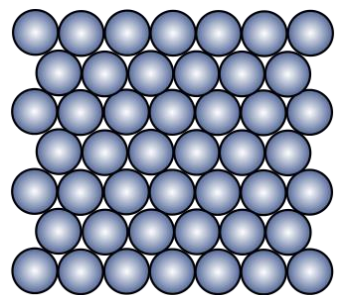
# Solar Photovoltaic System Design – distributed generation and utility scale



Cells which are composed of a single crystal are known as monocrystalline silicon (mono-Si)

The atoms of solar cells made from polycrystalline silicon (poly-Si), also called multi-crystalline silicon, have an irregular arrangement of crystallites.

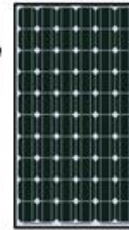
The atoms of solar cells made from amorphous silicon (a-Si), do not have a regular long-range arrangement of atoms in lattices.



# Solar Photovoltaic System Design – distributed generation and utility scale



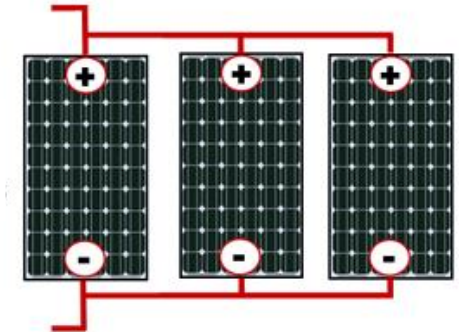
**Each Module**  
**12 Volts**  
**5 Amps**



1?



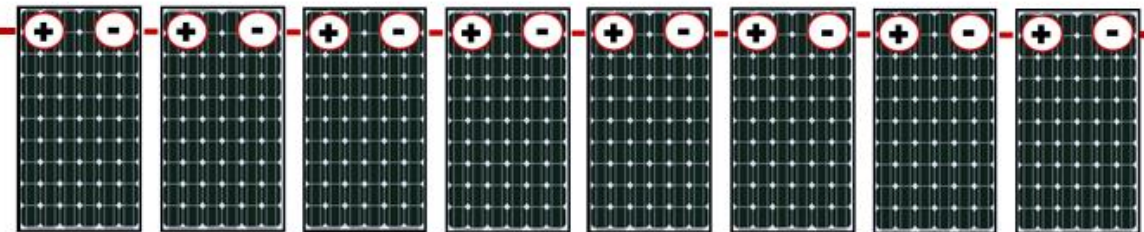
3?



Silicon PV cells have a n-type side exposed to sunlight and p-type side below it.

When solar radiation is incident on a cell, electron-hole pairs are generated due to the excitation from absorption of energy in photons.

2?

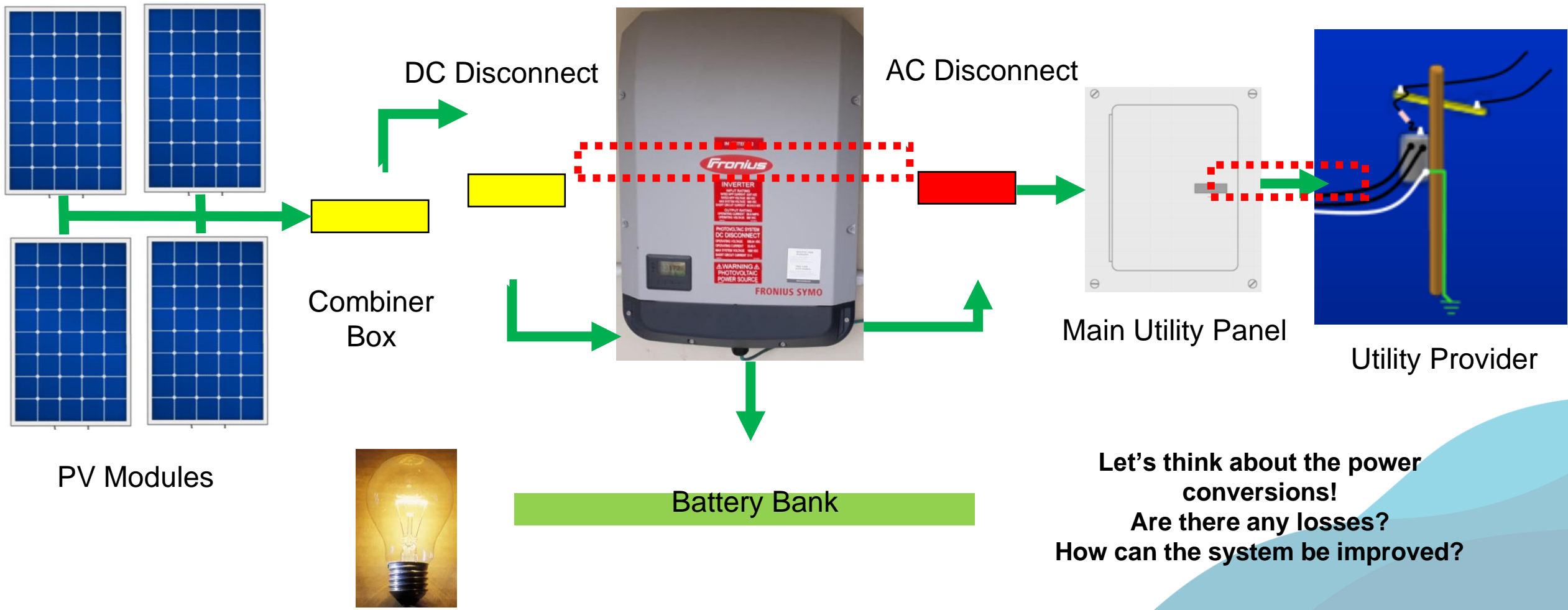




# Solar Photovoltaic System Design – distributed generation and utility scale



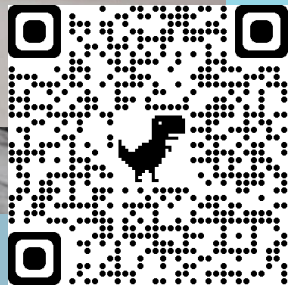
## Small-scale application



# Solar Photovoltaic System Design – distributed generation and utility scale



Let's use an example of a small-scale system - 20 kW PV grid-tied system – UWI Physics rooftop!



# Solar Photovoltaic System Design – distributed generation and utility scale



## Load Analysis Exercise

An inventory of all energy consuming devices must be tabulated. Power is tabulated (let's grab hold of our phone chargers) and the usage is estimated.

Load Description	Qty	Power Rating (W)	Operating Time (hrs./day)	Energy Consumption (Wh/day)
Phone Chargers	4	6	1	24
Wall lights	6	10	2	120

Load Description	Qty	Power Rating (W)	Operating Time (hrs./day)	Energy Consumption (Wh/day)
Refrigerator	2	160	8	2560
Bedroom lights	4	30	6	720
TV 36" LED Sony	2	110	4	880
PC Laptop Dell	3	40	8	960
Microwave	2	1200	0.5	1200

**Total AC Power** 3180 W  
**Total DC Power** 84 W  
**Total AC Energy Consumption** 6,320 Wh/day  
**Total DC Energy Consumption** 144 Wh/day  
**Inverter Efficiency** 0.95 or 95%  
**Average Daily DC Energy Consumption**



# Solar Photovoltaic System Design – distributed generation and utility scale



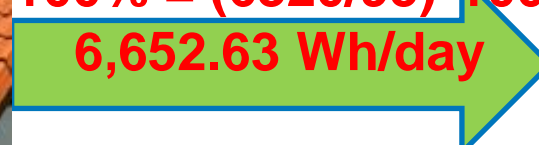
Visualizing the problem! – The importance of energy audits.

PV Array



**6,796.63 Wh/day**

**95% = 6,320 Wh/day**  
Therefore,  
**100% = (6320/95)\*100**  
**6,652.63 Wh/day**



Battery Inverter



**144 Wh/day**

DC Load requirements

AC Load requirements

**6,320 Wh/day**





# Solar Photovoltaic System Design – distributed generation and utility scale

Let's Expand the Approach with an example of a Utility Scale PV system



Content Solar Ltd. was launched in 2018 – commercial operations of Jamaica's first utility-scale solar PV plant. Content Solar, a 20 MW grid-connected solar plant

91,200 solar panels;  
Covers 160 acres

Switchyard & Transformer:  
33 kV to 138 kV



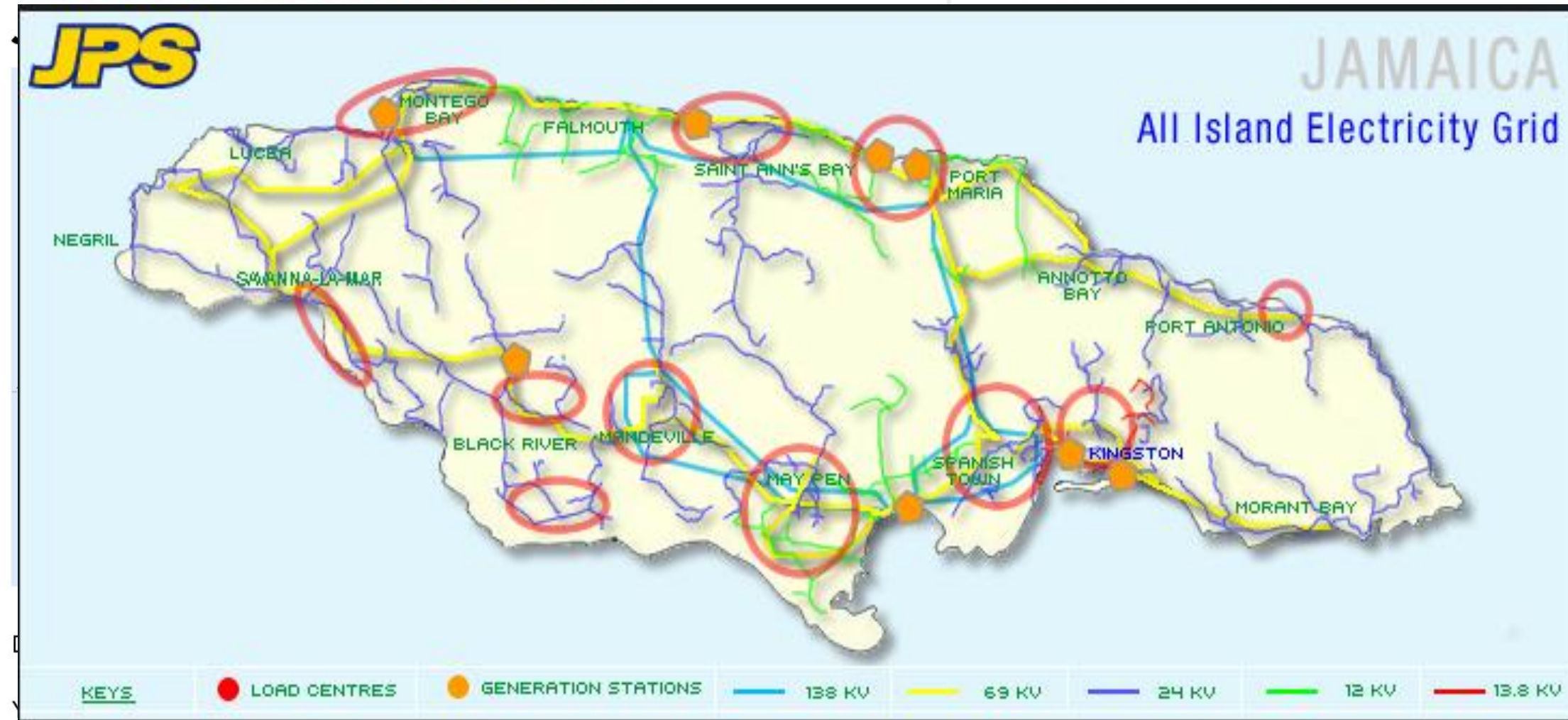


# Solar Photovoltaic System Design – distributed generation and utility scale



SOLAR RESOURCE MAP

## GLOBAL HORIZONTAL IRRADIATION

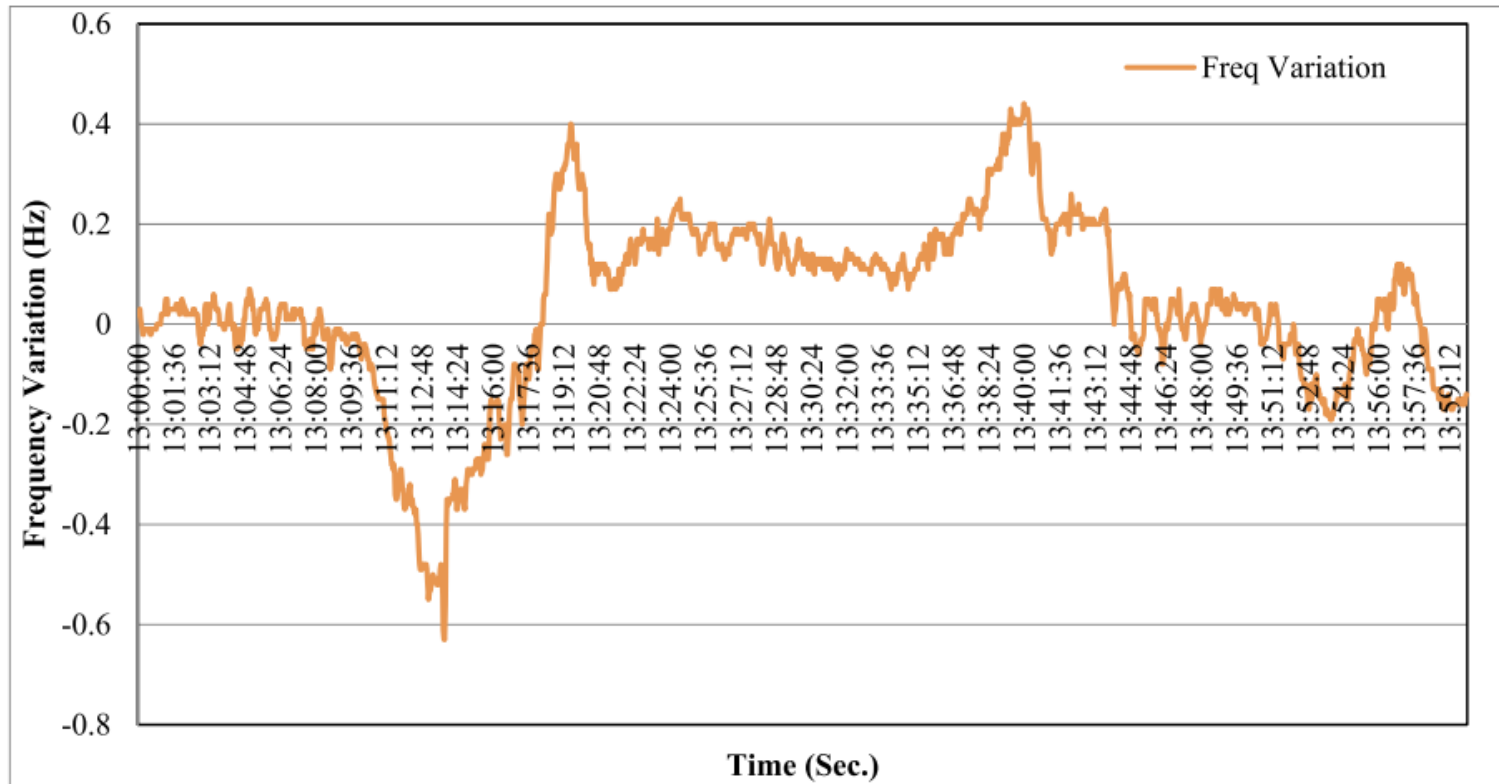






# Implications for the grid operator for Installation and Maintenance of solar PV system

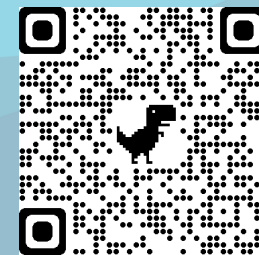
# Implications for the grid operator for Installation and Maintenance of solar PV system



Through the further integration of solar power into the national electrical grid of Jamaica, JPS has experienced power quality and grid stability issues with the level of REs.

Such issues became evident in the area of frequency control which in some cases resulted in the system frequency falling outside of the steady-state operating limits.

Low operating frequencies occasionally resulted in the generators operating outside of their design-operating limits – leading to cumulative damage to the turbine blades and unintended under frequency load shedding.





# Implications for the grid operator for Installation and Maintenance of solar PV system



Jamaica's Hybrid Energy Storage



Hybrid Energy Storage Solution – first of its kind in the Caribbean (US\$ 21.3 million)



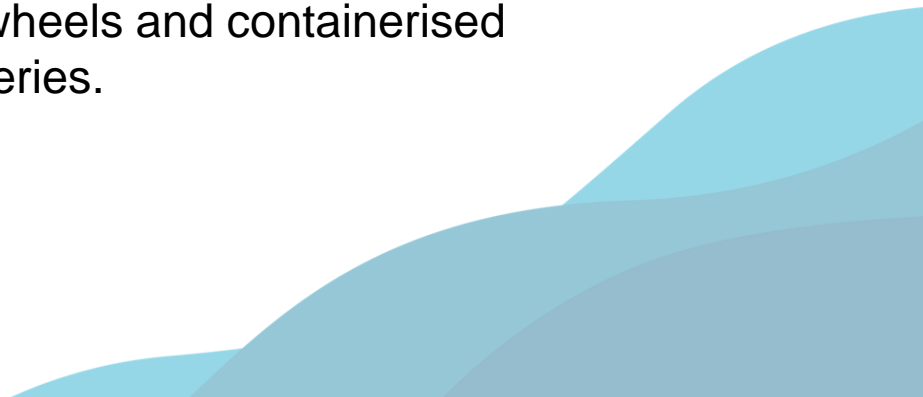
### WHY?

Power readily available in the event that solar renewable systems suddenly lose power due to cloud cover, or other interruptions.

### Project Specifics

The project involves constructing a 24.5 MW facility which will be a combination of low-speed flywheels and containerised lithium-ion batteries.

What else can aid the electrical grid?  
Let's think about the impact of increasing small-scale PV installations across households.



# THE END

Find me at:

